

## BUSINESS CARDS.

**JAMES SIMPSON, JOHN L. SCOTT**  
**SIMPSON & SCOTT,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Office Adjoining Yeoman Building—The same  
heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.

Judge JAMES SIMPSON and JOHN L. SCOTT will here-  
after practice law in partnership in the Court of  
Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge  
Simpson would respectfully refer to all persons who  
have known him, either at the Bar or as Circuit  
Judge in early life, or more recently as Judge of the  
Court of Appeals of Kentucky. John L. Scott would  
refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him in  
his published card.

All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal  
Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and  
prompt attention.  
Jan 23 wkt-wtf

**A. J. JAMES,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Office on West side St. Clair street, near the  
Court-house.  
Feb 23 wkt-wtf

**JOHN M. HARLAN,**  
Attorney at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Office on St. Clair street, with James Harlan.  
Feb 23 wkt-wtf

**JOHN RODMAN,**  
Attorney at Law,  
ST. CLAIR STREET,  
Two doors North of the Court-House,  
FRANKFORT, KY.

**JAMES P. METCALF,**  
Attorney at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Office on St. Clair street, over Drs. Sneed & Rodman's.  
Feb 23 wkt-wtf

**P. U. MAJOR,**  
Attorney at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.  
Will practice law in the Circuit Courts of the 5th  
Judicial District, Court of Appeals, Federal Court,  
and all other courts held in Frankfort.

**G. W. CRADDOCK, CHAS. F. CRADDOCK,**  
**CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Office on St. Clair street, next door south of the  
Branch Bank of Kentucky.  
Will practice law in partnership in all the Courts  
held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit  
Courts of the adjoining counties. Jan 23 wkt-wtf

**T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Will practice law in all the Courts in Frankfort  
and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair  
street, four doors from the bridge.  
Dec 11 wkt-wtf

**JOHN E. HAMILTON,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
N. E. CORNER SEVENTH AND FOURTH STS.,  
COVINGTON, KY.  
Will practice in the counties of Kenton, Camp-  
bell, Pendleton, and Boone.  
Collections also made in the city of Cincinnati  
and county of Hamilton, State of Ohio.  
Dec 11 wkt-wtf

**LIGE ARNOLD,**  
Attorney at Law,  
NEW LIBERTY, KY.  
Will practice in the Courts of Owen, Carroll,  
Gallatin, Grant, and Henry counties.  
Collections in any of the above counties promptly  
attended to.  
Apr 7 wkt-wtf

**E. A. W. ROBERTS,**  
Attorney at Law,  
FALMOUTH, KY.  
Will practice in the Pendleton Circuit Court  
and in the courts of the adjoining counties.  
Office on Main street, opposite the Court-House.  
Jan 23 wkt-wtf

**GEORGE E. ROE,**  
Attorney at Law,  
GREENUPSBURG, KY.  
Will practice law in the counties of Greenup,  
Lewis, Carter, and Lawrence, and in the Court  
of Appeals.  
Jan 23 wkt-wtf

**LAW NOTICE.**  
JAS. B. CLAY, THOS. B. MONROE, JR.  
**CLAY & MONROE,**  
Will practice law in the United States, Circuit,  
and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the  
Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business con-  
fided to them will receive prompt attention.  
Address Thomas B. Monroe, Secretary of State,  
Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lex-  
ington.  
Apr 7 wkt-wtf

**THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,**  
Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished pro-  
fessional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe. Com-  
munications addressed to him at Frankfort will re-  
ceive prompt attention.  
Apr 7 wkt-wtf

**JOHN A. MONROE,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Will practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the  
Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State Courts  
held in Frankfort, and will attend to the col-  
lection of debts for non-residents in any part of  
the State.  
He will as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowl-  
edgments of deeds, and other writing to be used or  
recorded in other States; and as Commissioner un-  
der the act of Congress, attend to the taking of de-  
positions, affidavits, etc.  
Office, "Old Bank," opposite Mansion House.  
Nov 15 wtf

**DR. J. G. KEENON,**  
HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, ten-  
ders his professional services to the citizens of  
the town and vicinity.  
Office on Main street, in Mansion House, 2d  
door from corner.  
Sept 1 wkt-wtf

**JOHN M. McALLA,**  
Attorney at Law, and General Agent,  
WASHINGTON, CITY, D. C.  
Will attend particularly to SUSPENDED and  
RESCUED CLAIMS—where based upon the  
want of official records.  
Sept 1 wkt-wtf

**JOHN W. VOORHIS,**  
Merchant Tailor,  
South side Main Street,  
Opposite Gray & Tood's Grocery Store,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
HAS just received his large and extensive stock of  
Fall and Winter Goods,  
Consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, of  
the best quality, and of the latest styles and patterns.  
He also has on hand a large assortment of  
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,  
And everything necessary for furnishing a gentle-  
man's entire wardrobe.  
All work warranted to be well done, and in  
good style, as at any other establishment in the  
Western country.  
No FIT NO SALE.  
Oct 6 wkt-wtf

**H. WHITTINGHAM,**  
Newspaper and Periodical Agent,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
CONTINUES to furnish American and Foreign  
Weeklies, Monthlies, and Quaterlies on the best  
terms. Advance sheets received from twenty-four  
Publishers. Back numbers supplied to complete  
sets.  
Nov 27 wkt-wtf

## LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

**JAS. P. MARSHALL, JOHN A. DICKINSON.**  
**NEW CARPET**  
AND  
**HOUSE FURNISHING STORE.**  
**MARSHALL & DICKINSON,**  
Importers & Dealers,  
79 FOURTH ST., BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE are now opening an entirely new stock, em-  
bracing every variety, style, and quality of  
handsome  
Carpets, Tassels,  
Rugs, Mats, Cornices,  
India & Coco Matting, Bands,  
Stair Rods, Shades,  
Curtains, Stair Trimmings,  
Cups, Gravel Trimmings,  
Stair Linen, Green Bais.

BLANKETS all widths, qualities, and prices. We  
also keep on hand, and make to order, Flats, Tar-  
paulins, Mosquito Bars, Bed Comforts, &c. Our  
stock being entirely new, and having been selected  
with great care, we can offer such inducements in  
style, quality, and price as are seldom found west  
of the mountains.  
MARSHALL & DICKINSON,  
79 Fourth St., Lou., Ky.  
Aug 13 wkt-wtf

**T. G. WATERS,**  
THOS. G. WATERS, JAMES G. WATERS,  
**BOOTS & SHOES**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL  
S. E. CORNER FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
mar 23 wkt-wtf

**HART & MAPOTHER,**  
Lithographers and Fancy Printers,  
Southeast corner Market and Third Streets,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
EXECUTE in the highest style of the art, every  
description of ENGRAVING, PEN AND CRAY-  
ON LITHOGRAPHING, COLOR PRINTING, &c., &c.  
Geo. H. CARY, R. L. TALBOTT  
Oct 7 wkt-wtf

**CARY & TALBOTT,**  
SUCCESSORS TO  
(BELL, TALBOTT & CO.)  
DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES, PAINTS,  
(Oils, &c.) 4 3/4 Market Street, between Third and  
Fourth, Louisville, Ky.  
Particular attention paid to Physicians' or-  
ders.  
mar 23 wkt-wtf

**NATIONAL HOTEL,**  
Corner Fourth and Main Streets,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
**HARROW & PHILLIPS,**  
PROPRIETORS.  
Terms, \$1.50 per day.  
Aug 23 wkt-wtf

**STOP THERE!**  
HALL & HARRIS keep the  
United States, formerly the  
Owens Hotel.  
When you go to Louisville  
stop there.  
Jan 13 wtf

**MEDICAL REPORT.**  
Containing Thirty fine Plates and Engravings  
of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sex-  
ual Organs in a state of Health and  
Disease.  
Price only ten Cents.  
Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union—  
ON A NEW METHOD OF TREATING  
Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Stric-  
tures, Gleet, Sexual Debility, Im-  
potency, Female Diseases, and all  
affections of the reproductive sys-  
tem of both sexes, the infirmities  
of youth and maturity arising from  
the secret follies of both sexes,  
and the Pains and Diseases of the  
Female Monthly Fluids. Price by  
mail, \$1 and one stamp.  
These Remedies embrace three prescriptions: A  
box of *Pastels*, a box of *Nervous Tonic Pills*, and a  
box of *Virile Force Pills*, all of which have been  
found to be the most effective for the cure of Syphilis,  
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TERMS:  
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MONDAY.....SEPTEMBER 30, 1861.

Extra copies of THE DAILY YEOMAN can be supplied (put up in wrappers ready for mailing) at the rate of \$3 per hundred. All orders for papers should be given the day before the issue of the particular number of the paper which is wanted.

## To the Members of the Legislature.

The Governor's Message is now ready for delivery. Members can get their quota by applying at the counting-room of the YEOMAN OFFICE.

## Appeal to the True Courage and Patriotism of Kentucky.

War in its least repulsive form is full of horror. When waged even between civilized and generous foes, it brings sorrows and woes in its train. Civil war has ever been regarded as the most abhorrent form of war, for it arrays neighbor against neighbor, brother against brother, son against father, in deadly strife. No language is necessary to depict a case so deplorable. It would be as needless as painful to illustrate the calamitous results of war among brethren.

From the beginning of this sectional strife between the North and the South, we have labored earnestly to avert war between them. Our counsels and the counsels of wiser and more potential men have been disregarded by both sides. They are at war; and they seek to make Kentucky a theatre of military operations. The people of Kentucky, having done nothing to bring on the war—having given neither of the sectional parties waging it any cause or provocation for it—desired to keep out of it. This was from no cowardly dread of the consequences of war. The bravest men are those who deprecate war; for they best appreciate its evils. The people of Kentucky desired to keep out of the war, not only because they were not in any sense its authors, but because they regarded the belligerents on both sides as their brethren and they desired to interpose their mediation between them in order to restore peace. Kentucky has strong affiliations with the people of both sides. Her interests and sympathies are tied to both. Her people are united to both by stronger ties than even her commerce with both, profitable as that has been with both. Many thousands of her sons and daughters have migrated to and permanently settled in both sections. She could not send an army to the field against one belligerent or the other, without shooting down her own children.

She abhors civil war in her midst and she refuses to take arms against either belligerent. She is right in this. If individuals take arms on the one side or the other, let not that fact be taken as an interpretation of the will of the State. Undoubtedly her people have strong sympathies, but they have not as yet been expressed in any form inconsistent with their strict impartiality and neutrality; and unless they are forced by unwise legislation and distempored incitements, they will even yet maintain this position of impartial neutrality.

The cry now is, that the State is invaded and that the insolent invader must be expelled. This is the language of partisanship. Neither of the belligerents have invaded Kentucky in the spirit of hostility against the State. They are on our soil not as enemies of Kentucky, but occupying strategic positions as enemies to one another. This is a truth, which true statesmanship should at once recognize; for if it is ignored, not only will great evils to our own people be the result, but future history will terribly punish the madness and folly of overlooking it. Wisdom is the essential want of the present hour.

Inflammatory incitements are altogether out of place in our perilous circumstances. They are out of place at all times, but more especially now. They can do no earthly good, but may produce infinite evil. Let the people of Kentucky keep aloof from this strife. The lofty courage of a brave people in abstaining from such a war, is greater heroism than that which wins great battles. When it becomes the duty of the people of Kentucky to take arms, they will not be lagged. When they have a cause for which they can willingly fight, they will vindicate their well established renown for prowess. But they will best prove both their wisdom and valor by disregarding the inflammatory incitements addressed to them by incendiary appeals, for objects which they know, on sober reflection, to be unattainable, and which, even if they could be attained by force of arms, would prove dead sea fruits and turn to ashes on their lips. Let them therefore heed no inflammatory appeals; but maintain the dignity and gravity due to their determined attitude of peace, neutrality, and mediation. Such appeals, instead of complimenting their wisdom and patriotism, only tend to degrade their courage into ferocity, their valor into brutality, their wisdom into folly, and their patriotism into mockery.

## More Arrests.

The Hon. James B. Clay, Mr. Harris, of Madison, Mr. Hooe, of Mercer, and some ten or fifteen other gentlemen, whose names we could not learn, we have been informed were carried on the last Saturday afternoon train, under arrest to Louisville, prisoners of the United States. We have not learned the nature of any charges against any of them. We have only heard it conjectured that they were suspected of entertaining political opinions and sympathies which the powers that be choose to treat as constructive treason.

A Fortress Monroe correspondent of the New York Tribune says that the Maryland prisoners are quartered in casemates. They have plenty of good food, but are closely watched and not allowed to walk about the beautiful grounds of the Fortress, or hold communication with any one.

[For the Yeoman.]

There seems much astonishment in the minds of the leaders of the Union party that Kentuckians do not enlist and volunteer more readily than they are doing.

To us it is not at all astonishing, when the gentlemen we have been accustomed to listen to and be guided by, taught us so earnestly and so industriously the duty of keeping out of the war.

The people of Kentucky do not generally act hastily or inconsiderately. Such men as John J. Crittenden, James Guthrie, R. K. Williams, Archie Dixon, F. M. Bristow, Joshua F. Bell, Chas. A. Wickliffe, G. W. Dunlap, Chas. S. Morehead, J. F. Robinson, John B. Huston, and Robert Richardson, as well as the leading members of the two Houses of the Legislature, have been accustomed to be listened to by the people, and to exercise much influence over the opinions they have formed on political questions.

True, these gentlemen did not always agree amongst themselves on leading measures, and the people were divided in their views as between them. Each had his followers—accustomed to regard his teachings as good political doctrines. But when all got together, about six or eight months since, on the same platform as to the duties of Kentuckians in the war between the North and South—united in teaching us that the Northern people had acted badly towards the Southern people; that the slave States were greatly aggrieved; that Kentucky could not stand by and see the North attempt to coerce the South; and unless the North desisted, that Kentucky had but one course to pursue, and that was to draw her sword and take part with the South.

That until coercion was attempted, Kentucky, "on a deliberate consideration of her responsibilities, moral, political, and social, had determined that the proper course for her to pursue, was to take no part in the controversy between the Government and seceded States, but that of mediator and intercessor."

These were the teachings of those fathers and uncles in politics to us, their political children and kinsfolk. They united nearly all of our people together on these principles and pledges. Is it strange, when we have not seen anything occurring, except what these our teachers have themselves brought about without consulting us, to produce a change in the opinions they taught us to form, that we should hesitate, nay, absolutely refuse now to volunteer or enlist to fight our brethren of the South or the North?

If you have chosen, for no other cause than whim or fancy, to change your minds, it is not right you should expect us to follow.

There is one glorious privilege you, our political teachers and progenitors, or nearly all of you, can exercise, and that is, those not too old can shoulder their arms and march to the field of battle, first laying aside the grievances you have been complaining about, and acknowledging that your complainings were ill founded, and there fight your brethren of the South to your heart's content.

Don't attempt to force those of us that don't wish to fight them, because a forced service is neither good for the body nor for the soul. It is certainly not a very safe one on the field of battle.

You, gentlemen, leaders of the Union party, taught us that our Governor did right in refusing troops from Kentucky to coerce the Southern people; you taught us that the President of the United States, and his Cabinet, would not have made the call, had they known the peculiar situation of Kentucky; that the refusal of the Governor, when the facts were known at Washington, was not complained about; that Kentucky had taken her position—that of taking no part in the war on either side—not from cowardice; that the act, under the circumstances, was a brave act; that she could sustain herself in it before the world, and that both sides should respect her position.

Now, fellow-citizens, congressmen, politicians, and fathers—gentlemen, generals, colonels, majors, and commissaries—if we don't volunteer or enlist, you will have the fewer sons to answer for in trying to make weather-cocks of us, as you have been yourselves, in having fewer men to be commanded by the military part of you; and just take Young America's advice, put all your militia officers and would-be big men in the ranks, and get some old soldier to command them, and good may be done much more by the army made in that way than by forcing.

## YOUNG AMERICA.

COL. THOMAS H. HUNT.—We suppose, that, unintentionally, we have done Col. Hunt injustice. Having been repeatedly told that he was in Gen. Buckner's army of invasion, we have referred to it as a fact. We are assured on good authority, however, that he is not in that army or in any Confederate army—that he has positively declined very urgent requests to accept a military position in the Confederate service, although his sympathies are in that service.

We are sincerely glad to be able to make this correction in justice to a gentleman, who has enjoyed so large a share of the respect of our people.—*Lou. Journal*, 28th.

The above is a sample of such retractions as the Journal ought to make in many other cases, in which it has done other gentlemen even more grievous injustice than it has done to Col. Hunt. What are the reasons for the Journal's partiality, in atoning for injustice to some, and refusing retraction towards others? There is a meaning in it if we could only find it out.

The Louisville Journal of Saturday says that Gov. Morehead and Messrs. Barr and Durrett, arrived at Fort Lafayette on Tuesday, guarded by eleven soldiers.

The Government, unable or unwilling to settle the questions at issue between Gen. Fremont and Col. Blair, by formally sustaining the one and rebuking the other, has attempted the labor-saving process of cutting the Gordian knot. Col. Blair has been released—for "public reasons," it is said—and we suppose that these reasons whatever they may be, are sufficiently cogent and obvious to reconcile General Fremont to the liberation of his fractious subaltern, and that the retirement of the latter has been long enough to teach him the necessity of subordination.

The faro bank proprietors in Washington, who are suspected of winning the defaulting Gallagher's money, have deposited \$27,000 and been released from prison. The money is security for Gallagher's official deposits. The hell is again in full blast.—*Enquirer*, 29th.

## The Sedition Law.

These were the famous "Allen Laws" of John Adams Administration. But it remains the "Sedition Law" to reach native born Democrats, and thus to secure the Administration from all opposition, and also permanent possession of powers and office and emolument.

On the 14th of July, 1798, it was enacted that if any persons unlawfully conspired to oppose "any measure" of the United States, to prevent any public officer from executing his trust, or advised or attempted "to procure any insurrection, riot, unlawful assembly, or combination, whether such conspiracy, threatening, counsel, advice, or attempt should have the proposed effect or not," they should be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction punished by a fine not exceeding \$5,000, and by imprisonment during a term of not less than six months nor exceeding five years; and further, at the discretion of the court, might be held to find surety for good behavior in such sum, and for such time as the court might direct.

NOTE.—It is a significant fact that the act, number 29, "to define and punish certain conspiracies," approved July 31, 1861, is almost a transcript of this first section of the Adams Sedition Law of July 14, 1798.

The second section of this act we present entire as a legal, political, and constitutional curiosity.

Sec. 2. That if any person shall write, print, utter, or publish, or shall cause or procure to be written, printed, uttered, or published, or shall knowingly and willingly assist or aid in writing, printing, uttering, or publishing any false, scandalous, and malicious writing or writings against the Government of the United States; or either House of the Congress of the United States, or the President of the United States, with intent to defame the said Congress, or the said President, or to bring them or either of them into contempt or disrepute, or to excite against them or either of them, the hatred of the good people of the United States; or to stir up sedition within the United States; or to excite any unlawful combinations therein, for opposing or resisting any law of the United States, or any act of the President of the United States, done in pursuance of any such law, or of the powers in him vested by the Constitution of the United States, or to resist, oppose, or defeat any such law or act; or to aid, encourage, or abet in doing or attempting to do any foreign injury or insult to the United States, or to their Government, then such persons, being therefor convicted, before any court having jurisdiction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$2,000 and by imprisonment not exceeding two years.

It was in opposing these infamous acts that Edward Livingston, of New York, made his great speech on the 21st of June, 1798.

"Away, said he, with that liberty which hangs over the heads of the despots, and which the despots would disdain to enjoy the liberty which depends upon the will of one man, and should be ashamed of any man who would consent thus to hold it."

"Should the evil proceed no further than the execution of the present law, what a fearful picture will our country present! The system of espionage being thus established, the country will swarm with informers, spies, delators, and all that odious reptile tribe that breed in the sunshine of despotic power; that suck the blood of the unfortunate, and creep about the bosom of innocence, only to awake it with a burning wound. The hours of the most unsuspecting confidence, the intimacies of friendship, or the recesses of domestic retirement, afford no security. The companion whom you must trust, the friend in whom you must confide, the domestic who waits in your chamber, are all tempted to betray your imprudence or ungarded follies; to misrepresent your words, to convey them distorted by calumny, to the secret tribunal where jealousy presides, where fear officiates as accuser, and suspicion is the only evidence that is heard."

"Let no gentleman flatter themselves that the fervor of the moment can make the people insensible to these aggressions. The people of America, sir, though watchful against foreign aggression, and not careless of domestic encroachments; they are as jealous, sir, of their liberties at home as of the power and prosperity of their country abroad; they will awake to a sense of their danger. Do not let us flatter ourselves, then, that these measures will be unobserved or disregarded. Do not let us be told, sir, that we excite fervor against foreign aggression ("secession?") only to establish TYRANNY at home; that, like arch traitor, we cry, "Hail Columbia" at the moment we are betraying her to destruction; that we sing out "Happy land," when we are plunging it in ruin or disgrace; and that we are absurd enough to call ourselves "free and enlightened, while we advocate principles that would have disgraced the age of Gothic barbarity, and established a code compared to which, the *ordon* is wise, and the trial by battle is merciful and just."

Note.—The "Star Spangled Banner," now proposed as the lullaby of despotism, had not then been written.

And yet for this brave defense of public liberty, and of freedom of speech and of the press, against the Sedition Law, Livingston was ridiculed and scoffed at in the House, and denounced by the Federalists. "War Hawks," as Mr. Jefferson termed them, all over the country as a "Jacobin" and "Traitor!" But "time, the avenger," has long since made all right.

The penalties of the Sedition Law could be readily adjudged to extend to any pithily written or spoken animadversion on the political measures of Government; and we shall soon see whether any of the powers with which it armed the President were left dormant in practice.

Some of the dominant party in Congress appear to have been inflated to the verge of insanity, at this period, by wild tales trumpeted through the newspapers, of threatened French invasions, of "the Cannibals' Progress," of "United Irishmen," and of conspiracies between the Democrats and French to overthrow our government, which Dr. Logan had gone to France at Jefferson's request to inquire and set in operation.

On the 26th of June, 1798, Lloyd of Maryland, had obtained leave to bring into the Senate "a bill to define more particularly the crime of treason and punish the crime of sedition." It immediately passed to a second reading by a vote of fourteen to eight. This bill provided for punishing by crime and imprisonment all who by writing or speaking should attempt to justify the hostile conduct of the French, or should utter anything tending to induce a belief that the Government of the United States, or any of its officers, were influenced by motives hostile to the Constitution, or to the liberties or happiness of the people.

Such were the principles and measures of what in two years, and ever since, was and has been hated, and denounced, and execrated everywhere as "Black Cockade Federalism."

And yet, at the time, to oppose them was to be a "Jacobin" and a "traitor," and was almost worth a man's life!

## Columbus (O.) Crisis.

There is now in camp a regiment of Federal troops, about one mile back of Covington. Rumors are afloat that they are to be sent up over the Covington and Lexington railroad, to join Gen. Anderson's command. We are advised by a reliable source that such is not the fact; that they are encamped at that point temporarily for drill, &c., and are then to be taken out of the State. We are also informed that no more arms or munitions will be passed over the road while it remains under the control of the present managers.—*Cynthiana News*, 26th.

## Public Meeting.

Pursuant to notice, given by several prominent citizens of Harrison county, a meeting was held in the Court-house in Cynthiana, on Monday, Sept. 23d, 1861, by the people, irrespective of parties, for the purpose of organizing a "peace-league to protect families and property from marauding parties."

The meeting was called to order by W. W. Trimble, Esq., who, when after explaining why it was called, nominated H. Nichols as Chairman, and A. J. Morey Secretary.

Gen. Desha then addressed the meeting in favor of the formation of the league, desiring that we should all keep the peace, and that those who wished to fight for the South or against it, should join the army of the Confederates or the Federals.

He was followed by Dr. Lewis Perrin, in a spirited and pertinent speech, indorsing Gen. Desha.

Eloquent speeches were made then by Capt. Hugh Newell, N. M. Durbin, and Capt. Berry, when Gen. Desha offered the following:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed, consisting of W. W. Trimble, Lewis Perrin, Wm. Smith, Henry Vanhook, W. H. Vanhook, N. Durbin, N. R. Whitehead, G. W. Berry, Hugh Newell, Allen Kendall, Wm. Robinson, Dr. Hillman, James L. Patterson, John Shawhan, and Lewis Day, whose duty it should be to draft the articles of compact, for the signatures of the people.

Upon the motion of Lewis Day, Esq., Gen. Desha was added to the committee.

The meeting then adjourned, and the people assembled again at 2 o'clock P. M., when the following was read by W. W. Trimble, Esq.:

[An announcement being made that the Chairman, Henry Nichols, having been unexpectedly called away, could not be present, when Col. Caleb Walton was chosen to fill his place.]

We, the undersigned, citizens of Harrison county, for the mutual defense of ourselves, our families, and property, not intending or desiring, by this organization, to contravene any of the laws of the United States, nor of the State of Kentucky, bind ourselves to the maintenance of the following principles:

1. That we will not engage in civil strife amongst ourselves on account of differences of political opinions, and that we will respect and obey the civil authorities in times of war as well as in peace.

2. We solemnly pledge ourselves, that however much we may differ in our political opinions, that we will protect each other's rights of life, liberty, our property, and that of the citizens of Harrison county, against all and every invasion thereof by unlawful raids, mobs, marauding parties, or other evil disposed persons, and we will aid the civil authorities in bringing such persons before the courts for trial.

3. We bind ourselves not to become members of guerrilla bands, or marauding parties, under the connivance or sanction of either of the belligerents, or of any other authority.

That our earnest desire is, that the belligerents may, as organized bodies of men into armies, fight out the difficulty, if the war is to be continued, and that it shall not be a war of neighbor against neighbor; but that it shall be conducted upon the principles and usages of civilized nations, but nothing in this article is to be construed into a pledge that any member hereof is not permitted to join either of the belligerents, as a soldier or officer in the regular army, nor to prevent any member from becoming a soldier or officer under the State of Kentucky.

4. We bind ourselves to use our influence in preventing any person or persons from becoming members of any marauding party or guerrilla band, and we promise to use our influence in suppressing excitement and inflammatory language.

5. When any member hereof becomes a soldier in the army of either of the belligerents or of the State of Kentucky, he shall cease to be a member hereof; but it is distinctly understood that nothing in this league shall prevent any member who may be called on by the civil authorities, as a part of a posse to execute the laws, from giving his aid.

6. We will not, as members of any military organization at present existing, of which we may be members, aid or assist in arresting any citizens of our county, charged with crimes against the Federal authorities.

And we hereby solemnly pledge ourselves to aid and assist, by every means within our power, the execution of the writ of *habeas corpus* within Harrison county, when issued in behalf of any citizen of Harrison county.

Given under our hands, this 23d day of September, 1861.

W. R. ROBINSON,  
LEWIS PERRIN,  
WM. SMITH,  
W. H. VANHOOK,  
N. M. DURBIN,  
DANIEL WAITS,  
W. W. TRIMBLE,  
JOHN SHAWHAN,  
HUGH NEWELL,  
N. W. WHITEHEAD,  
G. W. BERRY,  
LEWIS DAY,  
S. P. HILLMAN,  
LUCIUS DESHA,  
JAMES L. PATTERSON,  
ALLEN KENDALL.

Upon motion, the meeting unanimously adopted the foregoing articles of agreement, and large numbers came forward immediately and signed it.

The meeting then adjourned.  
CALEB WALTON, Chairman.  
A. J. MOREY, Secretary.[Special Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.]  
Affairs on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.HEADQUARTERS ROUSSEAU'S BRIGADE,  
Near Elizabethtown, Sept. 27.

Everything is quiet, and promises to remain so for some days at least. We feel the sudden change in the weather this morning very acutely. In the sudden advance which was necessary to prevent Buckner and his renegades from getting possession of Muldrough's Hill our tents were left behind at Lebanon Junction, and it has been impossible to get them up yet. We are now living in wigwags made of fence rails set on end. Great exertions are being made to bring up supplies; but the lack of wagons is a great impediment. However, the bridge across Rolling Fork will be completed in a very few days, and then trains can be run within a quarter of a mile of the camp. The railroad track will have to be repaired in several places this side of the bridge. Rails have been loosened, and one or two entirely removed. What renders the matter more noteworthy, is the fact that this damage has been done quite lately; showing that there are aiders and abettors of the enemy almost within our lines. A day or two since six hundred cavalry passed down near Lebanon, from Anderson and other counties above, on their way to join Buckner. On arriving near Munfordsville, they passed down in the direction of the turnpike bridge, and it is supposed, from various rumors, that they destroyed it. Parties of rebels from Central Kentucky are constantly going over to Buckner. Stragglers from these parties are brought into camp almost every day by our scouts.

The people of Louisville will be gratified to learn that when the division advances Col. Rousseau will be placed in command of a brigade. Besides the Kentucky boys, an Ohio regiment has paid him the high compliment of asking to be attached to his brigade.

The position of the enemy at Green river is a very strong one, and it is not improbable that they will bring up all their forces and make a strong stand there. The hill beyond Green river, rising to a considerable height on the north side, falls off but a few feet on the other side, and then spreads away in a high plateau. Thus a formidable natural breastwork is formed, the brow of the hill protecting the enemy in a position from which he can command the passage of the river. Of course, it is useless to fire round shot against the side of a hill, and consequently, when we get to Green river, we are likely to witness the spectacle styled "shelling the rebels."

Lou. Journal, 28th.

## Proclamation by the Governor.

WHEREAS, The following act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the exercise of my executive duties, to make the same promptly known to the people, as I do hereby, and I do earnestly enjoin all citizens and residents of this State to be obedient to all the requirements thereof, to the end that the humane and noble purposes of the Legislature may be faithfully effected. The said act of the General Assembly is as follows:

Resolutions providing for the peace and quiet of the citizens of this Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, The people of Kentucky have, from the beginning, ardently desired and still cherish the hope that they may not be involved in the unnatural, prevailing civil strife that Kentucky is now, as she ever has been, willing, and ready to interpose her friendly mediation in adjusting terms of peace and reconciliation alike honorable and just to all; but as her wishes to mediate and restore harmony may not avail at present, and it is desirable that the people in the meantime, should act in harmony, and be at peace among themselves, so that if they shall be involved in war, they will as far as possible, relieve and palliate its calamities; therefore

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That if collisions between hostile armies shall take place within our territory, that it is most earnestly recommended to the people of Kentucky not to engage in said strife amongst themselves, on account of differences of political opinions; that it is the duty of the people to be obedient to the civil authorities, and respect in times of war as well as peace, all the rights guaranteed to every citizen by the Constitution and laws of the land, that all good citizens however they may differ in political opinions, should unite in protecting each other in their rights of life, liberty, and property, against all and every invasion thereof by unlawful raids, mobs, marauding hands or other evil disposed persons, and aid the civil authorities in arresting all such persons and bringing them before the courts for trial.

Resolved, That we, the Representatives of the present General Assembly hereby pledge ourselves to a strict observance of the foregoing resolutions, and earnestly recommend a like observance by all the people of the State of Kentucky.

In testimony whereof, I, BERTIAH MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, have hereunto subscribed my name and caused the seal of the State to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 23d day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

THO. B. MONROE, JR., Secretary of State.  
By JAS. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

## Proclamation by the Governor.

WHEREAS, Kentucky has been invaded by the forces of the so-called Confederate States, and the commanders of the forces so invading the State have insolently prescribed the conditions upon which they will withdraw, thus insulting the dignity of the State by demanding terms to which Kentucky cannot listen without dishonor; therefore

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the invaders must be expelled, inasmuch as there are now in Kentucky Federal troops assembled for the purpose of preserving the tranquility of the State, and of defending and protecting the people of Kentucky in the peaceful enjoyment of their lives and property, it is—

2. Further resolved, That General Robert Anderson, a native Kentuckian, who has been appointed to the command of the Department of Cumberland, be requested to take instant command, with authority and power from this Commonwealth to call out a volunteer force in Kentucky for the purpose of repelling the invaders from our soil.

3. Resolved, That in using the means which duty and honor require shall be used to expel the invaders from the soil of Kentucky, no citizen shall be molested on account of his political opinions; that no citizens' property shall be taken or confiscated because of such opinions, nor shall any slave be set free by any military commander, and that all peaceable citizens and their families are entitled to, and shall receive the fullest protection of the Government in the enjoyment of their lives, their liberties and their property.

4. Resolved, That His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, be requested to give all the aid in his power to accomplish the ends desired by these resolutions, and that he call out so much of the military force of the State under his command, as may be necessary therefor, and that he place the same under the command of Gen. Thomas L. Crittenden.

5. Resolved, That the patriotism of every Kentuckian is invoked, and is confidently relied upon to give active aid in the defense of the Commonwealth.

Have this day been passed by both Houses of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Governor's objections thereto to the contrary notwithstanding; and are therefore the law of the land, I do hereby issue this my proclamation, enjoining all officers and citizens of this State to render obedience to all the requirements of said resolutions, and in obedience thereto, I have ordered Gen. Thomas L. Crittenden to execute the purposes contemplated by said resolutions; and I hereby require all citizens of Kentucky subject to military duty to obey the call which the said Gen. Crittenden may make upon them in accordance with the provisions of said resolutions.

In testimony whereof, I, BERTIAH MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, have hereunto subscribed my name and caused the seal of the State to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 20th day of September, in the year of our Lord 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

THO. B. MONROE, JR., Secretary of State.  
By JAS. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

BLACK SOFT HATS.—Something new, light and stylish for the Spring 1861.

KEENON &amp; GIBBONS.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

EDGAR KEENON.....J. L. GIBBONS

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS,

CHEAP, VERY CHEAP.

JUST OPENED BY

KEENON &amp; GIBBONS,

DEALERS IN

BOOKS &amp; STATIONERY,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, BOOTS,

SHOES, WALL PAPER, CARPET BAGS, &amp;c.,

UMBRELLAS, &amp;c., &amp;c.,

feeb5 wdt-wly MAIN ST., FRANKFORT, KY.

## TERMS CASH.

I have been compelled to adopt the cash system, which will enable me to sell goods at from ten to twenty per cent. lower than formerly. These terms will be enforced from this date.

J. L. GIBBONS, A CONERY.

janet t-wtf

## A. CONERY,

SIGN OF THE EAGLE.

(Successor to W. P. Loomis.)

Has just received a new assortment of

WATCHES, CLOCKS

AND

JEWELRY.

Call and see them, and you will find Prices to suit the times.

J. L. GIBBONS, Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired.

jan7 wdt-wtf

## GILLISPIE &amp; HEFFNER,

Merchant Tailors.

Main Street, Frankfort, Ky.

HAVE just imported a large and complete assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS for gentlemen's wear, consisting of Silk and Velvet Vestings, French Cassimeres, Cloths, &amp;c., &amp;c., of the most fashionable styles.

Our customers and the public will find our present stock of goods equal to any to be found in similar houses in the West, and OUR TERMS AS LIBERAL. We are ready on the shortest notice to furnish a complete outfit of gentlemen's wear, made to order in the best style of fashionable tailoring, warranting all our work to give satisfaction. Call and examine our stock, on Main street, one door above the Farmers' Bank.

ian23 tf

## Look at This.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of W. H. KEENE &amp; Co., either by note or account, are requested to come forward and settle on or before the 1st day of April, 1861, otherwise they will have costs to pay.

W. H. KEENE,  
E. HENSLEY.

Feb. 19, 1861 tf.

## Beautifully Clear!

Pure and White!

WHAT?

Any face after the use of the *Magnolia Balm*, no matter how unsightly it was before.

Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold everywhere.

W. E. HAGAN &amp; Co., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

J. L. GIBBONS advertisement.

## THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Sir James Clarke's

Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.



## KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

## IN SENATE.

SATURDAY, Sept. 28, 1861.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. McKee, of the Baptist church.

Yesterday's journal was then read by the clerk.

## PETITION.

Mr. READ presented a petition from the keeper of the penitentiary. Ordered to be printed, and referred to the Committee on Penitentiary.

## REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. PENNEBAKER, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a House bill to incorporate Washington Lodge No. 1, United Order of Ancient Fellows. Passed.

A bill to incorporate Noah's Dove Incampment No. 1, of United Order of Ancient Fellows. Passed.

A House bill in regard to imbeciles, their persons and estates. Passed.

A House bill to amend the act to regulate the inspection of tobacco in the city of Louisville.

Mr. PENNEBAKER advocated the passage of the bill.

Messrs. GROVER and GLENN opposed the same.

And then the bill passed—yeas 18, nays 6.

Mr. DeHAVEN, from the Finance Committee, reported a House bill appropriating money (\$25,000) to the Western Lunatic Asylum.

After some discussion, the report was withdrawn.

## ORDERS OF THE DAY.

The report of the joint committee, appointed to investigate the arrest of Messrs. Silverthorn and Ewing of the House, and Mr. Irwin of the Senate.

Mr. SPEED opposed the report of the committee.

Mr. READ, on the other hand, urged its adoption.

Mr. GOODLOE moved to pass by the report for the present—yeas 14, nays 7.

Mr. PENNEBAKER offered a joint resolution, as follows:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, 1st. That the people of the State of Kentucky tender to the States of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois their thanks for the prompt, effective, and fraternal assistance rendered in arresting the invasion of our State by the Confederate forces. Such friendly aid cannot fail to strengthen the bonds of harmony which have ever united Kentucky with her Northern neighbors.

2d. That the Governor be requested to transmit copies of this resolution to the Governors of Indiana, Ohio, and Illinois, respectively.

The resolution was adopted by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Speaker (Fisk), Wm. Anthony, Baker, Bruner, Bush, Buster, Chiles, Denny, Field, Gillis, Glenn, Goodloe, Grier, Pennebaker, Reed, Robinson, Speed, and Walton—18.

NAYS—Messrs. Davidson, Grover, and Jenkins—3.

Mr. GILLIS, from Committee on Enrollments, reported a number of bills as correctly enrolled.

A message from the House announced the passage of sundry bills by that body.

Mr. READ, from Committee on Revised Statutes, reported a bill to amend act 3, chap. 48, Revised Statutes. Passed.

A House bill in relation to guardians and wards. Passed.

Mr. GOODLOE presented a petition from Elizabeth M. Gray and Harris Gray. Finance.

A bill for the benefit of W. S. D. Megowan. Passed.

Mr. CHILES was appointed on the Finance Committee in the place of T. T. ALEXANDER, absent.

Mr. J. W. Tate, Assistant Secretary of State, presented a message from the Governor, as follows:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,  
FRANKFORT, Sept. 28, 1861.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

I herewith transmit for your information the inclosed resolution of the "Sanitary Commission" at Washington City.

B. MAGOFFIN.

SANITARY COMMISSION, Washington, D. C.,  
TREASURY BUILDING, Sept. 20th, 1861.

To His Excellency, B. Magoffin, Governor of Kentucky:

SIR: At a session of the Sanitary Commission held on this day, September 12th, 1861, it was resolved that the Sanitary Commission under the adoption on the part of the several State Legislatures of a uniform system of medical examination for military service.

"And that a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the Governors of the several States."

I have the honor to be,  
Your Excellency's obedient servant,  
FRED. C. AUSTIN,  
General Secretary.

And then the Senate adjourned.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Sept. 28th, 1861.

Prayer by Rev. W. T. Moore, of the Christian Church.

## PETITIONS.

Were presented by Messrs. YEAMAN and UNDERWOOD, and appropriately referred.

## REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. GEO. M. THOMAS—County Courts—A bill for the benefit of the guardian of the heirs of A. W. Ferguson, deceased. Passed.

Also—A bill for the benefit of the executrix of A. W. Ferguson, deceased. Passed.

Mr. BUSH—Revised Statutes—A bill to increase the powers of notaries public. Rejected.

Also—A bill to amend the law relating to Trustees of the Jury Fund. [This bill proposes to make the clerks of courts ineligible to the office of Trustee of the Jury Fund.]

Mr. V. B. YOUNG offered a substitute, making the provisions of the bill apply to Bath county alone. Amendment adopted.

Mr. YEAMAN had the bill so amended as to apply its provisions to the county of Daviess.

The bill, as amended, was then passed, under a call of the yeas and nays.

Mr. J. B. COCHRAN—Corporations—A bill for the benefit of the Shelbyville and Taylorsville Turnpike Road Company. Passed.

Mr. CURTIS—Select Committee—A bill for the benefit of Wm. A. L. B. Sharpe. Passed.

Mr. GEO. M. THOMAS—Select Committee—A bill for the benefit of Jas. R. Garland, late sheriff of Lewis county. Ways and Means.

Mr. VANWINKLE—Select Committee—A bill for the benefit of the county of Boone. Passed.

Mr. HUSTON—Select Committee—A bill for the benefit of David Fitzgerald. Claims.

Mr. MEARS—Select Committee—A bill to repeal an act in relation to the county lines between Barren and Metcalfe counties. Passed.

Mr. YEAMAN—Select Committee—A bill for the benefit of Thomas J. Jackson. Passed.

## SPECIAL ORDER.

A bill more effectually to protect slave property.

[The Hampton bill, and Bush bill offered by Mr. Huston, as a substitute.]

The question being upon the adoption of the substitute, the yeas and nays were taken, resulting—yeas 73, nays 4.

Mr. BURNAM had the substitute amended.

The question then being upon the passage of the bill as amended, the yeas and nays were taken, resulting as follows:

YEAS—Mr. Speaker (Buckner), J. W. Anderson, W. C. Anderson, Andrews, Bachelder, Beaman, Blue, W. P. Boone, Burnam, Burns, Bush, J. W. Campbell, Carr, Chandler, Clay, Cleveland, J. B. Cochran, Cooper, Edmunds, Elliott, England, Finnell, Gabbert, Gardner, Gibson, Griffith, Hampton, Harney, Hays, Heady, Heeter, Henry, Huston, Ireland, Johnson, Lusk, Maxey, May, Mears, Miller, Morrow, Murphy, Owens, Poindecker, Proctor, Rankin, Rapier, Ray, Ricketts, Rigney, Shanklin, G. C. Smith, M. Smith, Spaulding, Sparks, Tevis, G. M. Thomas, J. R. Thomas, Turner, Underwood, White, Yeaman, M. Young, and V. B. Young—64.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, R. C. Anderson, C. Campbell, Curtis, Powell, Taylor, Vanwinkle, Webster, Wolfe, and B. R. Young—10.

So the bill passed.

The bill as passed, reads:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Any person who—being a military commander or officer, or under officer, or private soldier, or other person in company with, or in anywise connected with, or attached to any military camp, station, army, fort, arsenal, fortification, troop, or army, or vessel or boat of any kind or description whatever, used or connected with military operations—shall, without the consent of the owner thereof, or other person entitled to the service thereof, take, hold, or receive into his service, possession, or control, with the felonious intent to deprive the owner of his property, a slave, or who shall advise, induce, aid, or assist a slave to escape from the owner or other person entitled to the service of such slave, or who shall aid, assist, encourage, or attempt to authorize a slave to escape, or assert or claim his freedom, or take up arms, or engage in an insurrection within this State against citizens thereof, such person or persons so offending, and all others who shall aid, advise, or assist in the commission of either of the offenses aforesaid, shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, punished by confinement in the Penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years.

2. This act shall have no operation against persons who may in good faith arrest a runaway or fugitive slave with the intention of returning such slave to the owner thereof.

3. This act shall take effect ten days after its passage.

The vote by which the bill passed was then reconsidered, and the bill referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. BACHELLER—Select Committee—A bill to release certain parties from payment of toll on the Wilderness road. Passed.

Mr. GEO. M. THOMAS—Privileges and Elections—A bill to define magistrates' and constables' districts in Franklin county. Passed.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

A bill to establish an additional voting place in Boyle county. Senate amendment concurred in.

A Senate bill to amend the charter of the city of Louisville.

A Senate bill for the benefit of John W. Hazlerigg. House receded from its amendment.

[The Senate bills in the orders of the day not mentioned here, were referred to appropriate committees.]

A Senate bill for the benefit of the banks of Kentucky. Passed.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Was granted to Mr. DOWNING.

Mr. G. CLAY SMITH—Circuit Courts—A bill in relation to commissioners of courts. Referred.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. W. C. ANDERSON moved a resolution directing the Committee on Internal Improvement to inquire into the policy of abolishing the office of President of the Board of Internal Improvement.

The yeas and nays were taken, and the resolution adopted.

Mr. YEAMAN—Select Committee—A bill for the benefit of common school district No. 46, Henderson county. Passed.

Mr. TAYLOR—Ways and Means—A bill to repeal an act for the benefit of the sheriffs of Metcalfe and Barren counties. Passed.

Mr. ANDREWS—Judiciary—A bill to amend the law in relation to devises, bequests, &c. [The Pennebaker bill.]

Ordered that the bill be made a special order for Monday next at 11 o'clock, A. M.

And then the House adjourned.

[From the N. Y. Evening Post, Sept. 24.]

The French and English Protectorate of Mexico.

There are other motives unquestionably concerned in the scheme of placing Mexico under the immediate protection of France and England besides those which we mentioned yesterday. A protectorate exercised by one country over another implies not only the office of guarding the weaker nation against political dangers, but it implies also that the government which assumes the character of protector exercises a direct influence over the counsels of the other, and shapes its policy.

Both England and France desire on our side of the Atlantic is a sure market for what they produce. The Old World obtains from its soil and its manufactures beyond its own wants what it would be glad to dispose of to advantage in the New. The United States, by the revenue law passed last winter, indiscreetly closed its ports against the industry of foreign nations. What they lost in the United States, the great maritime nations of Western Europe naturally seek elsewhere.

Mexico possesses a rich soil, a favorable climate and abundant mineral resources, which, if her internal peace were but secured, would make her country attractive to emigrants from Europe, cause her population to increase with great rapidity, and carry her forward in the career of civilization with a swiftness of progress equal to that of any other country.

It is a sagacious and far-seeing policy, therefore, that dictates to the governments in question the expedient of composing the domestic troubles of Mexico, and insuring her a regular and permanent government, under which all who inhabit her territory may follow without molestation the pursuits of civil life, with a certainty of enjoying the fruits of their industry. Of course the governments which exercise the protectorate will be allowed peculiar privileges for their subjects in the ports of Mexico. They will expect some reward for the trouble they take, and being by far the stronger party, will be sure to make that reward a liberal one. A free market for their products, such as is not allowed to other nations—the right, secured to English and French traders, of unimpeded intercourse with all parts of Mexico, will doubtless be the advantages granted to the tutelary powers for engaging to preserve peace and good order in Mexico. It would require but a very few years to show how great would be the benefit derived to both parties from this arrangement.

We should see the beginning of a new prosperity in the now desolated Mexican provinces—agriculture reviving, cities founded and vessels flocking to her ports.

The government of France and England perceive that the present moment is propitious to the undertaking. Hitherto the United States have stood in their way. Our government has always been ready to object to

the exercise of any new jurisdiction or authority on the part of the European powers over a country lying close on our borders. But now the United States are engaged in a bloody and costly civil conflict, which occupies our entire attention and engrosses all our means. With this great quarrel on our hands we cannot afford to quarrel with the mightiest powers of the world, and any objections we may make to the partial occupation of Mexico by European troops will be little cared for. If the scheme of a protectorate be really contemplated by England and France, the earlier it is put in execution the fewer obstacles it will have to encounter, and of this they must be as well aware as we can be.

It is well known abroad that there are many among our distinguished statesmen who are in favor of establishing an American protectorate of Mexico. If the present war should, by any possibility, result in a separation of the southern from the northern States, these statesmen regard the protectorate as a necessary measure on the part of the northern republic. If the war should be concluded by bringing all the States again under the Union and Constitution, they still consider it as the most certain means of preserving peaceful, friendly, and mutual beneficial relations with the Mexican powers, and in a particular manner of restraining our restless and often too enterprising populations for encroaching upon the rights of our weaker neighbor. If the American protectorate should be established, the European governments will naturally expect that we shall endeavor to extend to Mexico the same illiberal system in regard to commerce which we adopted near the close of Mr. Buchanan's administration, as soon as the republicanism had obtained a majority in both houses of Congress. They will expect to see Mexico made through our influence a party to the war of restrictions which we are waging against their commerce.

For our part we hold this apprehension to be groundless. That monstrous abortion, the Morrill tariff, has not the least hold on the public favor, and cannot long be tolerated in our code—yet to the European observer it is natural enough that it should seem to be an expression of the permanent policy of the party now dominant in the United States. Looking at it from this point of view, it is not at all to be wondered at that European governments should hasten to anticipate us by stepping into the protectorate of Mexico. Securing to themselves manifest advantages by its exercise, and putting it out of our power to inflict on them the mischiefs they fear, we have only ourselves, or rather the men who falsely represented us in Congress, to thank, if they proceed to this important measure without consulting our government.

General Desha—In Kentucky's Peril. True to Kentuckians—The impulses which actuated him should prompt Every True and Wise Kentuckian—Such impulses unknown to the Lawless.

To the Editor of the Enquirer:

In the telegraphic intelligence of one of the Cincinnati papers of the 21st inst., it was intimated that General Desha left Frankfort fearing an arrest. His absconding himself from the Capital was in consequence of an adjournment of the Legislature for a few days. However fatal to Kentucky and all of her true interests, in the judgment of others, may have been the course which he has hereafter pursued, the moral effect of the course which he as a Kentuckian deemed it his duty to pursue and to recommend to his constituents of Harrison county, in a speech at Cynthiana on Saturday, the 21st, will be one which must result in good to our citizens here. Seeing that Kentucky had taken her position firmly and legally, as a consistent, honest and earnest man, desiring the welfare of his fellow citizens, he counseled "obedience to the laws of Kentucky and the Government."

The temper and the substance of his remarks none save the lawless and the ignorant and the mad could except to. Desperate desperadoes who were prepared to practice guerrilla warfare, making raids upon persons and property, doubtless if such had heard him, would have been disappointed when they found their schemes of plundering and violence defeated by this timely counsel of General Desha. No law-abiding man and law loving man—no one from whom Secession had not eradicated the last remnant of moral principle, could but thank him for what he said. The hearts of many of his political enemies, much and bitterly estranged from him under our tremendous national and impending difficulties, were drawn closely and warmly toward him.

The man that condemns his course, and that fails to follow it, no matter where this war may end, the sensible and prudent men of this community will condemn and brand with infamy. Whether his advice and views will restrain the passionate, prejudiced and reckless we know not, but the thing we do know, and that is, if true to himself, the General without compromising party or honor, has done that which every man who does not desire anarchy and bloodshed among us must approve. In the midst of perils so terrible and imminent, involving the peace, safety and comfort of all good citizens, there was a duty which he had to perform. That duty he performed nobly and wisely, and if those who have honored him in the past consult their own happiness and peace, they will have honor in him in not doing so.

profit by what he said. Those who have differed with him in the past, his neighbors, and those who under ordinary circumstances would have been his political friends, testify now to the wisdom and prudence of his course, and in the future will recompense him by heaping honors upon him, which they otherwise would have snatched from him. Impulses which prompted him as a Kentuckian to this course, are impulses which none possess who desire to witness the horrors of civil war in our midst and to see brother's hands against brother. They are impulses unknown to men who are wicked and weak enough to desire social ties broken and universal violence to be inaugurated. They are impulses which true, wise and law-abiding men alone can feel. They are impulses which every true and honorable Kentuckian ought to feel and show in this day of Kentucky's calamity and that of her citizens.

## How a Man Feels Under Fire.

How a man feels when in battle is a question that our volunteers have doubtless frequently asked themselves. We yesterday stumbled upon nothing more instructive, than a first melt power at Bull Run. During an hour's chat with him, he gave us a very good general idea of the way in which a man feels when under an enemy's gun. Our friend did not claim to be especially courageous. He placed due value upon the integrity of the American eagle, but enlisted mainly because he had no other employment at the time. He did camp duty faithfully, and endured the hardships of long marches without any special grumbling. That he dreaded to confront the enemy he freely admits. While willing at any time to kick a bigger man than himself under justifiable provocation, he disliked the idea of the sudden sensation imparted by a bayonet thrust in the abdomen, while only second to this was his horror of being cut down with a rifle ball like an unsuspecting squirrel. When his regiment was drawn up in line, he admits his teeth chattered and his knee-pans rattled like a pot-closed in a hurricane. Many of his comrades were similarly affected, and some of them would have lain down had they dared to do so. When the first volley had been interchanged, our friend informs us every trace of these feelings passed away from him. A reaction took place, and he became almost savage from excitement.

Balls whistled all about him, and a cannon shot cut in half a companion at his side. Another was struck by some explosive that splattered his brains over the cheeks of our informant, but so far from intimidation all these things nerved up his resolution. The hitherto quaking civilian in half an hour became a veteran. His record shows that he bayoneted two of his rebel enemies, and discharged eight rounds of his piece with as decisive an aim as though he had selected a turkey for his mark. Could the entire line of an army come at the same time into collision, he says there would be no running except after hopeless defeat. The men who played the runaway at Bull Run were men who had not participated in the action to any extent, and who became panic-stricken where, if once smelling power in the manner above described, they would have been abundantly victorious. In the roar of musketry and the thundering discharge of artillery there is a music that banishes even innate cowardice. The sight of men struggling together, the clash of sabres, the tramp of cavalry, the gore-stained grass of the battle-field, and the roar of the enemy dimly visible through the battle-smoke—all these says our informant, dispel every particle of fear, and the very coward in the ranks becomes the most tiger-like. At the battle of Bull Run the chaplain of one of the regiments, a man of small stature and delicate frame, personally cut down two six foot grenadiers in single combat. If these things are so—and we incline to think they are—the best cure for cowardice is to crowd a man into a fight and there keep him. The fugitives from Bull Run were men who imbibed panic before it could have reached them.

Philadelphia North American.

## Some Valuable Receipts.

The following receipts will be found useful:

## Preserving Sinks from Foulness.

In hot weather it is almost impossible to prevent sinks becoming foul, unless some special preparation is used. One pound of copperas dissolved in four gallons of water, poured over the sink three or four times, will completely destroy the offensive odor. As a disinfecting agent to scatter around premises affected with any unpleasant odor, nothing is better than a mixture of four parts of fine charcoal, by weight. All sorts of glass vessels and other utensils may be effectually cured from offensive smells by rinsing them with charcoal powder, after the grosser impurities have been scoured off with sand and soap.

## An Effectual Cure for the Ear-ache.

Take a small piece of cotton batting, or cotton wool, making a depression in the center with the end of a finger, and fill it with as much good pepper as will rest on a five cent piece, gather it into a ball and tie it up, dip the ball into sweet oil and insert it into the ear, cover the latter with cotton wool, and use a bandage or cap to retain it in place. Almost instant relief will be experienced, and the application is so gentle that an infant will not be injured by it, but experience relief as well as adults.—Boston Journal.

## Pounding Coffee.

I see in exchanges an article stating that pounded or rolled coffee has a flavor superior to that which is ground. Many years ago I was told that such was the case by an old soldier of General Lee's army, and having both mortar and mill, tried it, and came to the decided belief that pounded coffee was the richest, and settled the matter clearly. The mill simply cuts the kernels into fine particles; the pounder crushes them, and allows the essential oil to escape more readily.—Field Notes.

## Cherry Pudding.

Take three teaspoons of butter, two eggs, three teaspoons of pitted cherries, a small teaspoonful of soda, and a pinch of salt. Stir the mixture well, and thicken with wheat flour, until a stiff batter is formed; then put it in a greased or lined bag and boil it 2½ hours. The water should be boiling when the pudding is introduced. Serve up with salt to the taste. Sweet cream and sugar make a very palatable accompaniment.—American Agriculturalist.

## Corn Bread.

I have seen several receipts in the Rural for making corn bread, but none I think equal to the following: Heat three pints of sweet milk to boiling; then stir in one quart of corn meal and put it in a warm place for two hours. It will need no yeast, then, if your milk was boiling hot. Put in a dish, and steam two hours and bake one, or cover and bake in a brick oven about three hours.—Louisia, Hebron, Pa.

## Raspberries Jam.

Weigh the fruit, and add three quarters of the weight in sugar; put the former into a preserving pan, boil, and break it stir constantly, and let it boil quickly; when the juice has boiled an hour, add the sugar, and simmer half an hour. In this way the jam is superior in color and flavor to that which is made by putting the sugar in at first.

## Waffles.

Noticing an inquiry in a late number of the Rural for making waffles, I send you a receipt which I have found to be excellent. To one quart of sweet milk take six eggs, a small piece of butter, a little salt; stir in enough flour to make a thick batter, and fry over a quick fire.—A. P. Smithfield, N. Y.

## Omelet.

Twelve eggs beaten as for custard; one cup of thick sweet cream, and a little salt; have your spider well buttered; pour in your mixture, set it over a slow fire, stir it occasionally until it thickens, pour immediately into a deep dish. This makes a very nice dish for breakfast.—A. P. Smithfield, N. Y.

## Baked Tomato.

Tomatoes peeled and baked on a hot dish, or even baked without peeling, and, when done, seasoned with salt, butter, and pepper, is a luscious way of preparing this excellent fruit.

## Proclamation by the Governor.

In obedience to the subjoined joint resolution, adopted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Governor of the Confederate States, the State of Tennessee, and all others concerned, are hereby informed that "Kentucky expects the Confederate, or Tennessee troops, to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally."

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my name, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 12th day of September, A. D. 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR., Sec'y of State.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That His Excellency, Gov. Magoffin, be, and he is hereby, instructed to inform the President, and to cause to be published in the Confederate, or Tennessee troops, to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally.

SENT FREE TO ANY ADDRESS

CHARLES HOFMANN, M.D., F.R.S., Professor of diseases of the genital organs in the TREMONT MEDICAL INSTITUTE, has at a large expense to the institute, published a work on the treatment of all private diseases of the male and female genital organs, also a treatise on the result of Onanism, Masturbation, Sexual debility, Involuntary Nocturnal Emission, Sterility, and all the causes of Impotence and Mental and Physical Debility.

Ladies being troubled with painful or entirely suppressed menstruation, would read something by sending for a book. Enclose two red stamps to pay the postage.

Direct to DR. HOFMANN, care of Box 1655, Boston, Mass.

## KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

REGULAR SESSION, SEPTEMBER, 1861.

- Boyle, Casey, and Adair—T. T. Alexander.
- Henderson, Davies, and McLean—Wm. Anthony.
- Warren, Allen, and Edmonson—W. T. A. Young.
- Campbell and Pendleton—R. T. Baker.
- Cumberland, Clinton, Wayne, and Russell—Samuel H. Bales.
- Breckinridge, Grayson, Hancock, and Edmonson—John B. Bruner.
- Clarke and Madison—J. H. G. Bush.
- Pulaski, Wayne, and Clinton—M. P. Buster.
- Carroll, Gallatin, and Boone—Charles Chambers.
- Boyd, Gentry, Jackson, Montgomery, and Powell—Walter Chiles.
- Hopkins, Union, and Crittenden—Ben. F. Cissell.
- Floyd, Morgan, Johnson, and Pike—Alexander L. Davidson.
- Henry, Oldham, and Trimble—Samuel E. DeHaven.
- Madison and Garrard—George Denny.
- Moore, Hardin, and Bullitt—R. H. Field.
- Kenton—John F. Fisk.
- Perry, Brantlett, Letcher, Harlan, and Clay—Henry D. Gorman.
- Whitley, Laurel, Knox, and Rockcastle—Wm. C. Gillis.
- Christian and Todd—R. E. Glenn.
- Anderson, Woodford, and Franklin—J. Kemp Goodloe.
- Boyd, Greenup, Carter, and Lawrence—Wm. C. Grier.
- Owen, Carroll, and Trimble—Asa H. Grover.
- Callaway, Trigg, and Marshall—John L. Ivan.
- Hickman, Ballard, Graves, and Fulton—Samuel H. Jenkins.
- McCracken, Livingston, Caldwell, and Lyon—T. M. Johnson.
- Mason and Lewis—Martin P. Marshall.
- Harrison and Bracken—T. F. Marshall.
- Ohio, Butler, and Muhlenburg—Henry D. Mettlen.
- Jefferson Co., and 7th and 8th wards of Louisville—C. D. Pennebaker.
- Bourbon and Bath—John A. Prall.
- Nelson, Larned, and Spencer—Wm. B. Read.
- Logan, Simpson, and Butler—A. G. Rhea.
- Scott and Fayette—James F. Robinson.
- Washington, Marion, and Taylor—T. M. Johnson.
- 6th Wards City Louisville—James Speed.
- Hart, Green, and Taylor—Claborn B. Walton.
- Shelby, Henry, and Oldham—Walter C. Whitaker.
- Jessamine, Mercer and Boyle—Chas. T. Worthington.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

UNION MEN.

- Adair—F. J



